Faculty of Computing									
STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM									
Name of the module/subject  Technical and Scientific Writing					Code 1010512311010917861				
Field of	study			Profile of study (general academic, practical)		Year /Semester			
Computing				general academic		1/1			
Elective	path/specialty <b>Softv</b>	vare Engineering		Subject offered in: <b>English</b>		Course (compulsory, elective) <b>obligatory</b>			
Cycle of	study:		Form	of study (full-time,part-time)					
Second-cycle studies				full-time					
No. of h		s: <b>30</b> Laboratory: -	Б	Project/seminars:	_	No. of credits			
	Ciacoo	program (Basic, major, other)		niversity-wide, from another fi	ield)				
other university-wide						ty-wide			
Education areas and fields of science and art						ECTS distribution (number and %)			
technical sciences						3 100%			
Responsible for subject / lecturer:  L. Anioła-Jędrzejek, Ph.D. email: : lilianna.aniola-jedrzejek@put.poznan.pl tel. 61 6652491 Centre of Languages and Communication PUT Piotrowo 3a Str., 60-965 Poznan									
Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:									
1	Knowledge	Senate, especially K_W1-2, K_V K_U26, K_K1-9 that are verified	urning objectives of the first cycle studies defined in the resolution of the PUT Academic nate, especially K_W1-2, K_W4, K_W6-15, K_U1-2, K_U4, K_U7-8, K_U14-20, K_U22-23, J26, K_K1-9 that are verified in the admission process to the second cycle studies? the rning objectives are available at the website of the faculty www.fc.put.poznan.pl						
2	Skills	Student starting this module should have language skills at B2+ level in accordance with the requirements set out for level B2+ Common European Framework of Reference for Languages. He should also have basic knowledge regarding grammatical structure and general and technical vocabulary, required at first-cycle studies. Should also have skills that are necessary to acquire information from given sources of information and should understand the need to extend his/her competences.							
3	Social competencies	Should be able to work individually and in a team. In addition, in respect to the social skills the student should show attitudes as honesty, responsibility, perseverance, curiosity, creativity, manners, and respect for other people.							
Assumptions and objectives of the course:									
1.		rith knowledge regarding academi		• •					
2. Develop students? skills of effective academic and ESP language usage, within the scope of four language skills, with an emphasis on writing and speaking.									

- 3. Develop students? skills of adapting primary sources for scientific papers.
- Develops students? teamwork skills by preparing a joint project.

# Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study

# Knowledge:

- 1. acquire formal academic language vocabulary [-]
- 2. acquire field-specific vocabulary [K\_W3]
- 3. comprehend the principles of longer written utterances [-]

# Skills:

# **Faculty of Computing**

- 1. is able to acquire, combine, interpret and evaluate information from literature, databases and other information sources (in mother tongue and English); draw conclusions, and formulate opinions based on it. [K\_U1]
- 2. is able to prepare a short report in English, based on a technical text on cutting-edge technology in the field of computer sciences. [K\_U3]
- 3. is able to prepare and present cutting-edge technology in the field of computer sciences, based on research papers. [K\_U3]
- 4. is able to create Thesis Statement, paragraph, summary. [K\_U3]
- 5. has language skills at B2+ level in accordance with the requirements set out for level B2+ Common European Framework of Reference for Languages. [K\_U6]
- 6. is able to formulate and test hypotheses regarding engineering problems and basic research problems. [K\_U12]
- 7. Is able to formulate formal business correspondence, such as conference invitations, meeting reports. [-]

### Social competencies:

- 1. is able to work in a team, accepting different roles [K\_K5]
- 2. displays creativity and initiative in work and thinking [K\_K8]
- 3. is able to recognize and understand cultural differences in formal and informal environment in English and in different cultural settings [-]

# Assessment methods of study outcomes

### Formative assessment:

based on continuous progress assessment,

### Summative assessment:

- continuous assessment during every class (oral utterances),
- partial marking during every class, including teamwork,
- final mark,

Additional activity marks for classwork, and in particular for::

- discussing extended aspects of a problem,
- applying effectively new knowledge,
- umiejętność współpracy w ramach zespołu praktycznie realizującego zadanie szczegółowe w laboratorium,
- suggesting improvement of didactic material.

### Course description

### Curriculum comprises of the following topics:

Presenting students? scientific career and interests. The writing process: text organisation. Presenting Thesis statement. Elements of a formal definition. Elements and types of paragraphs (process, comparison/contrast). Forms of scientific expression: reporting results of research, a review of a selected article on newest developments in computer science. Differences between summary and paraphrase. The issue of plagiarism in scientific papers. Summarising: main structural elements, including relevant information in a logical order. Summary and abstract. Editing and proofreading scientific papers. Main features of scientific articles. Quoting.

Curriculum contains the following grammar and vocabulary areas:

Articles. Cohesion and coherence. Logical linking in sentences. Coordinating and subordinating conjunctions. Formal and informal language. Nominalisations. Argumentation and expressing opinion.

The form of the class is following: 2-hour class, once a week.

### Learning methods:

- multimedia presentation,
- 2. practical exercises, discussion, teamwork, case studies,
- student?s individual work.

### Basic bibliography:

- 1. Cargill, M., O?Connor, P. 2011. Writing Scientific Research articles. Strategy and steps. Wiley-Blackwell.
- 2. Hewings, M. 2012. Cambridge Academic English. Intermediate Advanced. Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Hogue A., Oshima A. 2006. Writing academic English. Pearson/Longman.
- 4. Jordan. R.R. 2008. Academic Writing Course. Longman.
- 5. McCarthy, M., O?Dell, F. 2008. Academic vocabulary in use. Cambridge University Press.

### Additional bibliography:

- 1. Finkelstein, L., Jr. Pocket book of Technical Writing. McGraw-Hill
- 2. Writing Guidelines for Engineering and Science Students http://www.writing.engr.psu.edu/
- 3. Writing in Science http://www.monash.edu.au/lls/llonline/writing/science/index.xml

### Result of average student's workload

3

2

5. studying literature / learning aids (10 pages = 1 hour), 30 pages

6. discussing the results of students? individual work

# Activity Time (working hours) 1. participating in classes: 15 x 2 hours, 2. preparing for classes: 15 x 1 hours, 3. preparing written assignments 4. consulting issues related to the subject of the course; especially related to classes and projects, 10

## Student's workload

Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	75	3
Contact hours	42	2
Practical activities	70	3